AGENDA ITEM SUMMARY

AGENDA ITEM

Missouri High School Graduates Performance Report Coordinating Board for Higher Education April 6, 2006

DESCRIPTION

On an annual basis, the Coordinating Board for Higher Education has statutory responsibility to provide a report to the State Board of Education about the performance of public high school graduates during their first year of attendance at Missouri's public two- and four-year institutions (Section 173.750, RSMo). The intent of this board item is to provide a summary of the April 2006 Missouri High School Graduates Performance Report.

Background

As part of the Missouri Outstanding Schools Act, the Coordinating Board was given responsibility to prepare an annual report on recent high school graduates' academic performance during their initial year of pursuing collegiate-level work. As described in statute, the data in this report are to be arranged by individual school and disaggregated by race and gender. Further, individual student names are not to be used, and no grade point averages are to be disclosed in any cells with three or fewer students.

By statute, the report must include:

- Grade point average after the initial year in college
- Percent of students returning to college after the first and second semester
- Percent of students taking remedial courses in the basic academic subjects of English, mathematics, or reading
- Other data as determined by rule and regulation of the Coordinating Board for Higher Education

This annual report, which was first issued in 1996, is intended as a strategic resource to inform discussion about student preparation, high school and collegiate curricula, advising systems, academic planning, and collegiate success.

The April 2006 Report

The High School Graduates Report is based on Missouri public high school graduates entering the state's public two- and four-year postsecondary institutions as first-time freshmen in the fall semester following high school graduation.

Data for the following categories are included in Attachment A:

- Demographic characteristics of college entrants
- Academic preparation
- Performance and retention
- Degree completion

New Freshmen Demographics

Table 1 provides trend data for Missouri public high school graduates from 1996 and 2005 who entered Missouri public two- and four-year colleges and universities. These data demonstrate increased college attendance and changing demographics of high school graduates who become first-time freshmen at public institutions. General highlights include:

- Overall enrollment has increased 30 percent
- Sector distribution has shifted to the two-year sector, which now constitutes approximately 50 percent of new enrollments
- Proportion of females has remained significantly higher than males by about 10 percentage points
- African-American and Hispanic headcount has increased at a faster pace than Caucasian
- Proportional share of enrollment for African-Americans and Hispanics has increased by 2.2 and .6 percentage points respectively, while Caucasian enrollments declined by 4.1 percentage points

Academic Preparation

Table 2 provides trend data on academic preparation of Missouri public high school graduates from 1996 and 2005 who entered Missouri public two- and four-year institutions. Included are data on ACT test takers, completion of the CBHE-recommended 16-unit high school core curriculum, and enrollment in remedial coursework. General highlights include:

- Percent of ACT test takers has remained stable at about 71 percent
- Average ACT test scores were 22.6 in 1996 and 22.1 in 2005; both are above state and national averages of all ACT test takers, which were 20.9 and 21.4 in 1996 and 20.9 and 21.6 in 2005, respectively
- 91 percent of first-time freshmen at public four-year institutions completed the CBHErecommended 16-unit high school core curriculum in 2005, representing a significant increase of 18 percentage points from 1996
- Percent of first-time freshmen taking remedial courses has increased noticeably
- Percent of students enrolled in remedial classes at public institutions has increased from 26 percent (4,768) in 1996 to 36 percent (8,575) in 2005
- Data demonstrate increased remedial enrollments in specific subjects from 1996 to 2005:
 - o Mathematics 18 percent to 29 percent
 - o English 13 percent to 18 percent
 - o Reading 7 percent to 10 percent

• Of all the first-time freshmen taking remedial courses, the proportion at the state's public two-year institutions increased from 73 percent in 1996 to 77 percent in 2005

Performance and Retention in College

Table 3 provides trend data on first-year college performance of Missouri public high school graduates from 1996 and 2005 who entered Missouri public two- and four-year institutions. These data include fall and spring semester retention rates and GPAs, as well as freshman-to-sophomore retention rates. General highlights include:

- Fall and spring semester retention rates have remained above 96 percent and 83 percent, respectively, for both 1996 and 2005
- Freshman-to-sophomore retention rates declined slightly from 74 percent in 1996 to 73 percent in 2005
- Moderate improvement in students' first-year academic performance in terms of average GPA by the end of spring semester (from 2.56 to 2.69)

Degree Completion

Table 4 provides information on degree completion status among more than 17,700 Missouri public high school graduates who entered the state's public colleges and universities as degree-seeking freshmen in fall 1999. General highlights include:

- 52 percent of Missouri high school graduates entering the state's public colleges and universities in fall 1999 graduated during the subsequent six-year period
 - o 37 percent received baccalaureate degrees, 12 percent received two-year associate degrees or certificates, and 3 percent received both two- and four-year degrees
- Approximately 7 percent of fall 1999 degree-seeking freshmen are still pursuing degrees in the state's public higher education system

Access to the Full Report

An increasing number of high school administrators and practitioners have expressed interest in using data in the Missouri High School Graduates Performance Report as an indicator of student preparation. In response, MDHE staff has worked with Department of Elementary and Secondary Education (DESE) staff, Dr. Jim King, Executive Director of the Missouri Association of Secondary School Principals, and several secondary school principals to make the report more accessible and usable.

As a result of this joint effort, several changes have transpired, including use of the DESE website, new data formatting, and additional data covering multiple years. While the traditional report is still accessible on the MDHE website at http://www.dhe.mo.gov/hsgradreport.shtml, the integration of the data into the DESE website under educational performance for each district and building makes the report more visible to K-12 personnel, who are now able to look at the report alongside other relevant data on school performance.

Data from the report located on the DESE website may be accessed by going to http://dese.mo.gov/schooldata/ and clicking on a particular school district. DESE has also publicized access to this online database through Commissioner Kent King's March 2006 newsletter to administrators.

Conclusion

The "Missouri High School Graduates Performance Report" is a P-20 product that serves as a foundation to inform both high schools and higher education institutions about the transitions experienced by students moving from one system to the other. The intent of the report is to engage educators and administrators from both sectors in dynamic discussions about high school preparation, collegiate participation, and postsecondary program completion. Changes made in 2006 will result in more access and use of this important information.

STATUTORY REFERENCE

Section 173.005 (7) RSMo, Information on the performance of the state's system of higher education.

Section 173.750 RSMo, Annual reporting of performance of graduates, furnishing of report – procedure – data included

RECOMMENDED ACTION

Assigned to Consent Calendar

ATTACHMENTS

Attachment A: Missouri Public High School Graduates Data: First-time Freshmen Enrolled in Public Institutions

Attachment B: Chapter 173.750, RSMo., Missouri High School Graduates Performance Report

Table One: Demographic Characteristics of College Entrants							
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					Percent	Pct point	
	Year		Year		Change in	Change in	
	1996		2005		headcount	proportion	
	·						
Overall Enrollment	18,110		23,521		29.9%		
Four-year	10,768	59.5%	11,715	49.8%	8.8%	-9.7%	
Two-year	7,342	40.5%	11,806	50.2%	60.8%	9.7%	
-							
Women	10,075	55.6%	13,036	55.4%	29.4%	-0.2%	
Men	8,034	44.4%	10,485	44.6%	30.5%	0.2%	
African American	1,422	7.9%	2,354	10.0%	65.5%	2.2%	
Hispanic	210	1.2%	404	1.7%	92.4%	0.6%	
Caucasian	15,619	86.2%	19,327	82.2%	23.7%	-4.1%	
Asian	289	1.6%	350	1.5%	21.1%	-0.1%	
Other	570	3.1%	1,086	4.6%	90.5%	1.5%	

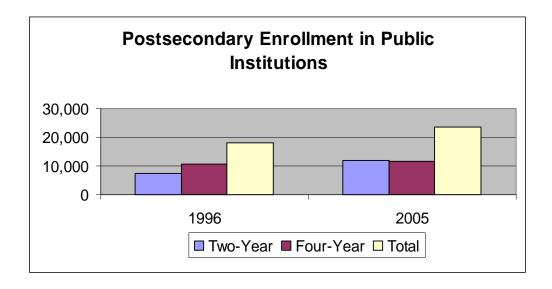
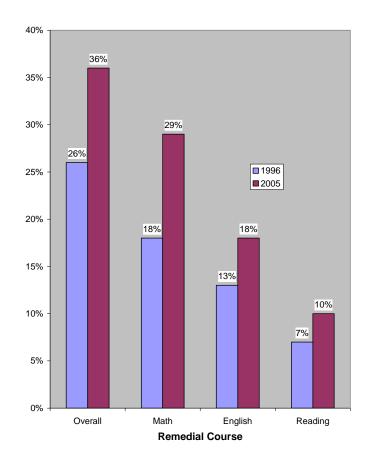


Table Two: Academic Preparation							
					Pct point		
	Year		Year		Change in		
	1996		2005		proportion		
			_				
Percent completing core	73%		91%		24.7%		
curriculum							
Percent taking ACT	71%		71%				
Average ACT	22.56		22.12				
Remediation							
Overall	4,768	26.3%	8,575	36.5%	10.1%		
- four-year	1,295	27.2%	1,954	22.8%			
-two-year	3,473	72.8%	6,621	77.2%			
Math	3,279	18.1%	6,916	29.4%	11.3%		
English	2,408	13.3%	4,212	17.9%	4.6%		
Reading	1,287	7.1%	2,395	10.2%	3.1%		

Percent Enrolled in Remedial Classes



Coordinating Board for Higher Education April 6, 2006

Table Three: Performance and Retention						
					Pct point	
	Year		Year		Change in	
	1996		2005		proportion	
College Retention of the						
Freshmen Cohort in the						
Previous Year						
First term retention	17,297	96.0%	22,432	97.0%	1.0%	
First term GPA	2.22		2.60			
Second term retention	14,982	83.0%	19,479	84.0%	1.0%	
Second term GPA	2.56		2.69			
Freshman-to-soph retention	13,533	74.0%	16,900	73.0%	-1.0%	
- Four-year institutions	8,953	83.0%	9,206	85.0%	2.0%	
- Two-year Institutions	4,580	63.0%	7,694	63.0%	0.0%	

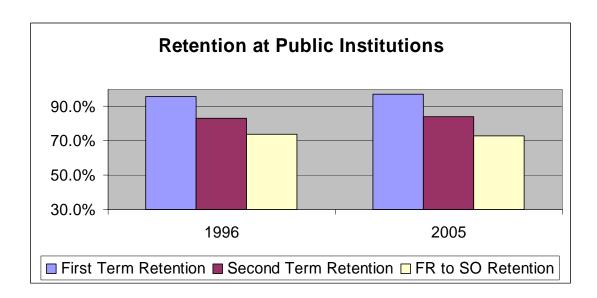


Table Four: Degree Completion						
	Graduation Status by	Percent				
	2005					
First-time, Degree-seeking Freshmen in 1999	17,737					
- Received 4-year degrees only	6,554	37.0%				
- Received 2-year degrees only	2,047	11.5%				
- Received both 2- and 4-year degrees	577	3.3%				
- No degree but still enrolled	1,234	7.0%				
- Out of system	7,325	41.3%				
- Total graduates	9,178	51.7%				

Missouri Revised Statutes

Chapter 173 Department of Higher Education Section 173.750

August 28, 2005

Annual reporting of performance of graduates, furnishing of report --procedure-data included.

173.750. 1. By July 1, 1995, the coordinating board for higher education, within existing resources provided to the department of higher education and by rule and regulation, shall have established and implemented a procedure for annually reporting the performance of graduates of public high schools in the state during the student's initial year in the public colleges and universities of the state. The purpose of such reports shall be to assist in determining how high schools are preparing students for successful college and university performance. The report produced pursuant to this subsection shall annually be furnished to the state board of education for reporting pursuant to subsection 4 of section 161.610, RSMo, and shall not be used for any other purpose.

- 2. The procedures shall be designed so that the reporting is made by the name of each high school in the state, with individual student data to be grouped according to the high school from which the students graduated. The data in the reports shall be disaggregated by race and sex. The procedures shall not be designed so that the reporting contains the name of any student. No grade point average shall be disclosed under subsection 3 of this section in any case where three or fewer students from a particular high school attend a particular college or university.
- 3. The data reported shall include grade point averages after the initial college year, calculated on, or adjusted to, a four point grade scale; the percentage of students returning to college after the first and second half of the initial college year, or after each trimester of the initial college year; the percentage of students taking noncollege level classes in basic academic courses during the first college year, or remedial courses in basic academic subjects of English, mathematics, or reading; and other such data as determined by rule and regulation of the coordinating board for higher education.

(L. 1993 S.B. 380 § 19 subsecs. 1, 2, 3)

*Contingent expiration date. See section 143.107.

CROSS REFERENCE: Report of vocational education program, high school students completing course to be combined with report required by this section, RSMo 161.610

(1996) Contingent referendum provision was found to be an unconstitutional delegation of legislative authority thereby making section 143.107 void. Akin v. Director of Revenue, 934 S.W.2d 295 (Mo.banc).